

# CHINA



# MAIL.

Established February, 1845.

With which is incorporated The "Hongkong Evening Mail and Shipping List." Published every Evening.

VOL. XXXV. No. 5049. 號二十月九年九十七百八千一英

HONGKONG, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1879.

日六廿月七年卯己

PRICE, \$24 PER ANNUM.

## AGENTS FOR THE CHINA MAIL.

**LONDON:**—F. ALGAR, 8, Clement's Lane, Lombard Street. GEORGE STREET & CO., 30, Cornhill. GORDON & GORDON, Ludgate Circus, E. C. BATES, HENDY & CO., 4, Old Jewry, E. C. SAMPSON, DRAGON & CO., 150 & 154, Leadenhall Street.

**PARIS AND EUROPE:**—LEON DE ROSNY, 10, Rue Monsieur, Paris.

**NEW YORK:**—ANDREW WIND, 133, Nassau Street.

**AUSTRALIA, TASMANIA, AND NEW ZEALAND:**—GORDON & GORDON, Melbourne and Sydney.

**SAN FRANCISCO and American Ports generally:**—BRAN & BLACK, San Francisco.

**SINGAPORE AND STRAITS:**—SAYLE & CO., Square, Singapore. C. HEINSEN & CO., Malacca.

**CHINA:**—MACAO, MESSRS A. A. DE MELLO & CO., Suva, CAMPBELL & CO., Amoy, WILSON, NICHOLLS & CO., Foochow, HENDER & CO., Shanghai, LANE, CRAWFORD & CO., and KELLY & WALSH, Yokohama, LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.

## BANKS.

### HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL, 5,000,000 Dollars. RESERVE FUND, 1,400,000 Dollars.

#### COURT OF DIRECTORS.

Chairman—W. H. FORBES, Esq.  
Deputy Chairman—HON. W. KESWICK, Esq.  
E. R. BELLING, Esq. WILHELM REINERS, Esq.  
H. L. DALRYMPLE, Esq. F. D. SASSOON, Esq.  
H. HOFFMANN, Esq. W. S. YOUNG, Esq.  
A. MOYER, Esq.

#### CHIEF MANAGER.

Hongkong, THOMAS JACKSON, Esq. Manager.  
Shanghai, EWEN CAMERON, Esq.  
LONDON BANKERS—London and County Bank.

#### HONGKONG.

##### INTEREST ALLOWED.

ON Current Deposit Account at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balance.

For Fixed Deposits:—  
For 3 months, 3 per cent. per annum.  
" 6 " 4 per cent. " "  
" 12 " 5 per cent. " "

##### LOCAL BILLS DISCOUNTED.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drafts, granted on London, and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

T. JACKSON, Chief Manager.

Office of the Corporation, No. 1, Queen's Road East, Hongkong, August 16, 1879.

#### NOTICE.

### ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION.

THE AGENCY of this BANK at Foochow will be CLOSED and WITHDRAWN from 1st July next.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS and FIXED DEPOSIT RECEIPTS will be PAID there AT ONCE with INTEREST to Date, or transferred to this Branch at the Exchange of the Day at the option of Constituents.

GEO. O. SCOTT, p. Manager.

Oriental Bank Corporation, Hongkong, May 26, 1879.

### COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

(Incorporated 7th & 18th March, 1848.)

RECOGNISED BY THE INTERNATIONAL CONVENTION OF 30th APRIL, 1862.

CAPITAL FULLY PAID-UP, £3,200,000. RESERVE FUND, £800,000.

HEAD OFFICE—14, RUE BRUGES, PARIS.

#### AGENCIES AND BRANCHES at:

LONDON, BOURBON, SAN FRANCISCO, MARSEILLES, BOMBAY, HONGKONG, LYONS, CALCUTTA, HANKOW, NANTES, SHANGHAI, FOOCHEW.

#### LONDON BANKERS:

THE BANK OF ENGLAND.

THE UNION BANK OF LONDON.

The Hongkong Agency receives Fixed Deposits on Terms to be ascertained on application, grants Drafts and Credits on all parts of the World, and transacts every description of Banking Exchange Business.

E. G. VOULLEMONT, Manager, Shanghai.

Hongkong, May 30, 1879.

## Bank.

### ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION.

(Incorporated by Royal Charter.)

PAID-UP CAPITAL, £1,500,000.

#### RATES OF INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.

At 3 months' notice 3 1/2 per Annum.

" 6 " " 4 " "

" 12 " " 5 " "

Current Accounts kept on Terms which may be learnt on application.

GEO. O. SCOTT, Acting Manager.

Oriental Bank Corporation, Hongkong, September 4, 1879.

### CHARTERED MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LONDON & CHINA.

(Incorporated by Royal Charter.)

#### THE following Rates of Interest are allowed on FIXED DEPOSITS:—

For 12 months, 5 per cent. per annum.

" 6 " 4 per cent. " "

" 3 " 2 per cent. " "

H. H. NELSON, Manager.

Hongkong, May 31, 1879.

### CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.

CAPITAL, £800,000. RESERVE FUND, £150,000.

#### BANKERS.

THE BANK OF ENGLAND.

THE CITY BANK.

THE NATIONAL BANK OF SCOTLAND.

#### THE BANK'S BRANCH in HONGKONG

grants Drafts on London and the Chief Commercial places in Europe and the East; buys and receives for collection Bills of Exchange, and conducts all kinds of Banking and Exchange Business.

#### RATES OF INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.

On CURRENT ACCOUNTS, 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balance.

#### ON FIXED DEPOSITS.

For 3 months, 3 per cent. per annum.

" 6 " 4 per cent. " "

" 12 " 5 per cent. " "

#### NOTICES OF FIRMS.

##### THE Partnership heretofore existing

between the Undersigned, under the Firm name of W. B. SPRATT & Co. has been THIS DAY dissolved by mutual consent, Mr J. M. EMANUEL retiring.

W. B. SPRATT, J. M. EMANUEL.

#### NOTICE.

DURING my temporary absence from the Colony Mr ERNEST VAUGHAN WITTON will CONDUCT my BUSINESS, for which purpose he holds authority to sign my name.

R. G. ALFORD, Surveyor, &c.

16, Queen's Road Central, 1st August, 1879.

#### NOTICE.

THE Undersigned has established himself at the Premises formerly occupied by LAMBERT, ATKINSON & Co., Peddar's Wharf, as

#### AUCTIONEER, APPRAISER AND COMMISSION AGENT.

ALL GOODS entrusted for SALE will be fully covered by FIRE INSURANCE.

G. R. LAMBERT.

Hongkong, July 1, 1879.

#### FOR SALE.

##### FOR SALE.

JULES MUMM & Co.'s CHAMPAGNE, in Quarts and Pints.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.

Hongkong, May 26, 1879.

#### FOR SALE.

VEUVE CLUQUOT PONSARDIN, Dry CHAMPAGNE (England) in Cases of 1 doz. Quarts.

Apply to SANDER & Co., Agents.

Hongkong, August 18, 1879.

## For Sale.

### KELLY & WALSH HAVE JUST RECEIVED.

Large Assortment of CLOCK-WORK TOYS, FLOATING DOLLS, INDIA RUBBER BALLS, &c., &c.

A New Stock of FRENCH NOVELS. DAVID'S L'EMPIRE CHINOIS.

GREEN'S LES PRODUITS DE LA NATURE.

BOUSQUET'S LE JAPON DE NOS JOURS.

THOMPSON'S MALACCA AND INDU-CHINA.

HILL'S MANUAL OF BUSINESS FORMS.

LE SAINT Edition, PIRY.

BANCROFT'S HISTORY OF UNITED STATES.

Complete Set SCOTT'S WAVERLEY NOVELS, very cheap.

GOULD'S COMPLETE DICTIONARY HALF MOROCCO.

Complete Editions Tennyson's POEMS. VILLA GARDENING.

Small Size REPP NOTE PAPERS. QUILL PENS and NIBS.

STAMP ALBUMS.

NEW AMERICAN CITHORN.

GENERAL GRANT'S TRAVELS ROUND THE WORLD.

Hongkong, September 3, 1879.

#### FOR SALE.

THEOPHILE ROEDERER & Co.'s CHAMPAGNE, awarded the

GOLD MEDAL AT THE PARIS EXHIBITION.

DRY VERZENAY MOUSSEUX: Quarts, \$17 per Case of 1 doz.

Pints, \$18 " of 2 doz.

MEYER & Co., Agents.

Hongkong, August 21, 1879.

#### FOR SALE.

THE Undersigned offers for SALE at moderate Prices, an Invoice of PRESERVED MEATS from the SYDNEY PRESERVED MEAT COMPANY.

Comprising: Boiled Beef and Mutton, Corned Beef and Soup and Bouillie in 6-lb. Tins, Ox-tongues, Spiced, Corned and Seasoned Beef, Roast and Corned Mutton, Sheep-tongues, Real Turtle Soup, Assorted Soups, Sheep's-head, Compressed Meats, Brawn and Ox-tongues, etc., in 2-lb. Tins.

Also, A Small Invoice of Superior Red and White AUSTRALIAN GROWN WINES, viz: MURRAY VALLEY and WYNDHAM WINES, comprising: Tokay, Verdillo, Muscat, Claret, Madeira, Sheras, Relsing Burgundy, Hermitage, Fineau in Quarts and Pints.

Also, (From Bordeaux), CHATEAU DE FRAUDS, a Superior Breakfast Claret at \$5 per Case.

A few Cases of LAFITTE.

G. R. LAMBERT.

Hongkong, July 17, 1879.

#### Intimations.

##### NOTICE.

THE Undersigned has been appointed AGENT for the SAN FRANCISCO BOARD OF UNDERWRITERS.

WILLIAM NOTT.

Hongkong, September 4, 1879.

#### HONGKONG, CANTON, AND MACAO STEAMBOAT COMPANY, LIMITED.

#### CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE Departures of these COMPANIES' STEAMERS on the Hongkong-Canton Route will be as under till further notice, commencing on the 8th Instant:—

KIN SHAN from Hongkong on Mondays, Wednesdays, Fridays, at 8 a.m.; from Canton on Tuesdays, Thursdays, Saturdays, at 8.30 a.m.

LOHANG from Hongkong on Tuesdays, Thursdays, Saturdays, at 8 a.m.; from Canton on Mondays, Wednesdays, Fridays, at 8.30 a.m.

The FOWAN will run as a Nightboat, leaving Hongkong on Mondays, Wednesdays, Fridays, at 6 p.m.; Canton on Tuesdays, Thursdays, Saturdays, at 6.30 p.m.

By Order of the Board of Directors, P. A. DA COSTA, Secretary.

Hongkong, Canton & Macao Steamboat Company, Limited.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents.

China Navigation Company, Limited.

Hongkong, September 5, 1879.

#### NOTICE.

THE Undersigned have been appointed AGENTS to the NEW YORK BOARD OF UNDERWRITERS.

ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co.

#### RECORD OF AMERICAN AND FOREIGN SHIPPING.

Agents, ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co.

Hongkong, Sept. 3, 1879.

## Intimations.

### CRICKET.

THE Annual General MEETING of the HONGKONG CRICKET CLUB will be held at the Hongkong Club on TUESDAY Next, 16th Instant, at 6 p.m.

MEMBERS are requested to attend.

GENTLEMEN desirous of joining the Cricket Club, the Subscription to which includes Lawn Tennis, are requested to communicate with the Hon. Sec.

WILLIAM HYNES, Hon. Sec. & Treasurer, H.K. C. C.

Hongkong, September 10, 1879.

#### NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

THE Undersigned begs to inform his Customers and the Public that he has REMOVED to No. 95, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL. Same Address as before the fire.

TUNG CHEONG, Tailor.

Hongkong, August 20, 1879.

#### G. FALCONER & Co., WATCH AND CHRONOMETER MANUFACTURERS, AND JEWELLERS.

NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS, CHARTS AND BOOKS.

48, Queen's Road Central.

Hongkong, August 20, 1879.

#### NOTICE.

KEROSENE OIL Landed and Stored in FIRST-CLASS GODOWNS constructed expressly for the purpose.

For Terms, apply to RUSSELL & Co.

Hongkong, August 26, 1879.

#### THE Undersigned have been appointed

SOLE AGENTS for Hongkong and China for the Sale of their LEAD by the McKECHNICH MINING SOCIETY.

MEYER & Co.

Hongkong, June 27, 1879.

#### HONGKONG AND WHAMPOA DOCK COMPANY, LIMITED.

#### NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

##### CONTRIBUTING SHAREHOLDERS

are requested to send in an Account of Business contributed during the Half-year ended 30th June, 1879, on or before September 8th, on which date the Accounts will be closed.

By Order of the Board of Directors, D. GILLIES, Secretary.

Hongkong, September 3, 1879.

#### NOTICE.

### HONGKONG COMMERCIAL EXCHANGE.

#### THE EXCHANGE ROOMS in MARINE HOUSE, Queen's Road Central, are

Open Daily for the use of MEMBERS from 9 a.m. to 6 p.m.

Special Days—TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS, from 12 to 12.30 and 4 to 4.30 p.m.

Applications for admission as Members to be addressed to

E. GEORGE, Secretary.

Hongkong, June 18, 1879.

#### Shipping.

##### Steamers.

#### FOR AMOY, TAIWANFOO & TAMSUI.

The Steamship "ALBANY," Capt. F. ASHTON, will be despatched for the above Ports on SATURDAY, the 13th Inst., at 3 p.m.

For Freight or Passage, apply to DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co.

Hongkong, September 11, 1879.

#### FOR SINGAPORE, PENANG AND CALCUTTA.

The Steamship "VENICE," P. J. RHODE, Commander, will be despatched for the above Ports on WEDNESDAY, the 17th Inst., at 3 o'clock Afternoon.

For Freight or Passage, apply to JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.

Hongkong, September 10, 1879.

#### FOR SINGAPORE, PENANG AND CALCUTTA.

The Steamship "JAPAN," Captain T. S. GARDNER, will be despatched for the above Ports on WEDNESDAY, the 17th Inst., at 8 p.m.

For Freight or Passage, apply to DAVID SASSOON, SONS & Co., Agents.

Hongkong, September 10, 1879.

## Shipping.

### Steamers.

#### NOTICE.

### COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

#### PAQUEBOT POSTE FRANCAIS.

The Company's Steamship "TIBRE," Commandant REYHER, will be despatched for YOKOHAMA shortly after the arrival of the next French Mail from Europe.

G. DE CHAMPEAUX, Agent.

Hongkong, September 8, 1879.

#### NOTICE.

### COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

#### PAQUEBOT POSTE FRANCAIS.

The Company's Steamship "TIGRE," Commandant —, will be despatched for SHANGHAI shortly after her arrival from Europe.

G. DE CHAMPEAUX, Agent.

Hongkong, September 8, 1879.



## Intimations.

## NOTICE.

FROM THE 1st OF OCTOBER, DE BASTIAKOE will receive his PATIENTS at his new DENTAL ROOMS, No. 50, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, over the MEDICAL HALL.  
Hongkong, September 23, 1878.

## DENTAL NOTICE.

DR. ROGERS will visit SHANGHAI during the Summer Months, leaving Hongkong on the 1st of April next, and returning about 1st November.  
Hongkong, February 10, 1879.

## Notices to Consignees.

FROM CALCUTTA, PENANG AND SINGAPORE.

THE S. S. Hindostan, Captain McConwell, having arrived from the above Ports, Consignees are hereby informed that the General Cargo will be landed by, and into the Godowns of the Underigned at Wanchai, whence delivery can be obtained on and after the 7th Instant.  
Goods remaining in Godowns after the 11th Instant will be subject to rent.  
Bills of Lading will be countersigned by DAVID SASSOON, SONS & Co. Agents.  
Hongkong, September 6, 1879. sc18

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

## NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

CONSIGNEES of the following Cargo are requested to send in their Bills of Lading to the Underigned for countersignature, and take immediate delivery. This Cargo has been landed and stored at their risk and expense.  
No Fire Insurance has been effected.

## Ex Peiho.

S. (in diamond) 1 parcel Samples, from M (in diamond) Shanghai.  
Messrs Tata & Co., 1 parcel Tea Musters, from Shanghai.

## Ex Iracouddy.

W.M.F. (in diamond) No. 38, 1 case Wool-  
F (in diamond) lens, from London.  
J.H. (in diamond) No. 39, 1 case Ho-  
H (in diamond) siery, from L/don.  
ME 1 case Wine, from Marseilles.  
PG 1 case Brandy, from Marseilles.  
PB 1 case Brandy, from Marseilles.  
Rev. F. Salze, 1 parcel Relics, from Mar-  
seilles.

G. DE CHAMPEAUX,  
Agent.  
Hongkong, September 10, 1879.

## Not Responsible for Debts.

Neither the Captain, the Agents, nor Owners will be Responsible for any Debt contracted by the Officers or Crew of the following Vessels, during their stay in Hongkong Harbour:—

NORMAN COURT, British barque, Capt. J. L. Dunn.—O. & O. S. S. Co.  
ALEXANDER YEATS, Canadian ship, Capt. J. W. Dunham.—P. & O. S. N. Co.  
ROSEBUD, British 3-m. schooner, Capt. J. Collie.—Choong Woo.

## To-day's Advertisements.

## FOR SHANGHAI.

The Steamship "NINGPO," R. CASS, Master, will be de-  
spatched for the above Port TO-  
MORROW, the 18th Inst., at (10) ten a.m.  
For Freight or Passage, apply to  
SIMPSON & Co.  
Hongkong, September 12, 1879. sc13

## FOR MANILA.

The Steamship "EMERALDA," Captain TALBOT, will be de-  
spatched for the above Port on MONDAY, the 16th Inst., at 4 p.m.  
For Freight or Passage, apply to  
RUSSELL & Co.  
Hongkong, September 12, 1879. sc15

## FOR SWATOW, AMOY &amp; FOOCHEW.

The Steamship "DOUGLAS," Capt. YOUNG, will be de-  
spatched for the above Ports on TUESDAY, the 16th Instant, at Noon.  
For Freight or Passage, apply to  
DOUGLAS LARPAIK & Co.  
Hongkong, September 12, 1879. sc16

## FOR SHANGHAI.

The Steamship "SOLINDIA," S. WINDHAM, Master, shortly  
expected from Singapore, will have immediate despatch as above.  
For Freight or Passage, apply to  
MEYER & Co.,  
Agents.  
Hongkong, September 12, 1879. sc17

## MITSU BISHI LINE.

FORTNIGHTLY COMMUNICATION WITH YOKOHAMA.

COMMENCING with SATURDAY, the 18th October, and every SECOND SATURDAY thereafter, at 4 p.m., the Steamship "NIIGATA MARU," or "TAKASAGO MARU," will be despatched for YOKOHAMA via KOBE.  
MITSU BISHI MAIL S.S. Co.  
September 12, 1879.

## To-day's Advertisements.

## Occidental &amp; Oriental Steam-Ship Company.

TAKING THROUGH CARGO AND PASSENGERS FOR THE UNITED STATES AND EUROPE, IN CONNECTION WITH THE CENTRAL and UNION PACIFIC AND CONNECTING RAILROAD COMPANIES AND ATLANTIC STEAMERS.

THE S. S. GALLIC will be despatched for San Francisco via Yokohama, on THURSDAY, October 16th, 1879, at 3 p.m., taking Cargo and Passengers for Japan, the United States, Mexico, Central and South America, and Europe. Connection is made at Yokohama, with Steamers from Shanghai.  
Freight will be received on Board until 4 p.m. of the 15th October. PARCEL PACKAGES will be received at the Office until 5 p.m. same day: all Parcel Packages should be marked to address in full; value of same is required.  
A Reduction is made on RETURN PASSENGER TICKETS.  
Consular Invoices to accompany Overland, Mexican, Central and South American Cargo, should be sent to the Company's Office addressed to the Collector of Customs, San Francisco.  
For further information as to Freight or Passage, apply to the Agency of the Company, No. 37, Queen's Road Central.  
H. M. BLANCHARD, Acting Agent.  
Hongkong, September 12, 1879. oc16

## SHIPPING.

## ARRIVALS.

Sept. 11, Hans, German barque, 310, Le Mout, Newchwang Aug. 17, and Chefoo 24, Beans.—WIEBER & Co.  
Sept. 11, Rosebud, British 3-m. schooner, 340, J. Collie, Newchwang Aug. 20, Beans.—CHOONG WOO.  
Sept. 11, Jacobine, German barque, 417, L. Bang, Newchwang Aug. 28, Beans.—SIMPSON & Co.  
Sept. 12, Ningpo, British steamer, from Canton.  
Sept. 12, Douglas, British steamer, 864, M. Young, Foochow Sept. 9, Amoy 10, and Swatow 11, General.—DOUGLAS LARPAIK & Co.  
Sept. 12, Lota, British barque, 472, Duffield, Newchwang Aug. 28, Beans.—KWONG HIM WO.  
Sept. 12, Gylding, Danish brig, 240, P. Winther, Foochow Sept. 7, Tea.—SIMPSON & Co.  
Sept. 12, Priam, British steamer, 1674, S. H. Butler, Shanghai Sept. 5, and Foochow 10, Tea.—BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE.  
Sept. 12, Yotung, British steamer, 286, D. McDougall, Swatow Sept. 11, General.—KWONG ABOHONG.  
Sept. 12, Sindh, French steamer, 2024, Monge, Shanghai Sept. 10, Mails and General.—MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.  
Sept. 12, Tibre, French steamer, 1004, Reynier, Yokohama Sept. 6, Mails and General.—MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.  
Sept. 12, Emerald, British steamer, 395, R. Talbot, Amoy Sept. 11, Ballast.—RUSSELL & Co.  
Sept. 12, A. M. Simpson, for Guam.  
12, Wing Hing, for Hap Hong.  
12, Chin-tung, Chinese gunboat, for a cruise.  
12, Diomed, for Shanghai.

## CLEARED.

Prosperity, for Bangkok.  
Ernst, for Newchwang.  
Albay, for Amoy, do.  
Ningpo, for Shanghai.

## PASSENGERS.

## ARRIVED.

Per Douglas, from Coast Ports, Rev. and Mrs Friend, Mrs Costa, Miss Whilden, and 170 Chinese.  
Per Sindh, from Shanghai: for Hongkong, Messrs Donsdebbs, J. Allison, Wilson, Stokes, Lemonnier, J. Brown, Salvador, and 4 Chinese; for Port Said, Mr Ghika; for Marseilles, Messrs W. Krey, C. W. Gordon, P. Macfarland, and H. Langley.  
Per Tibre, from Yokohama: for Hongkong, Capt. and Mrs St. Clair, 3 children and servant, Mr Deplase, Mr Gautier and 2 children, 2 Chinese, and 4 Japanese; for Marseilles, Mr P. Verry.  
Per Priam, from Shanghai via Foochow, 35 Chinese.  
Per Yotung, from Swatow, 261 Chinese.

## SHIPPING REPORTS.

The German barque Hans reports: Fine weather, calm and variable winds till 5th Sept, thence light easterly winds and good weather to port.  
The British 3-masted schooner Rosebud reports: Light southerly winds for 14 days as far as Shanghai, thence light N.E. winds and fine weather to port. On the 7th inst., spoke the Queen of India from Hongkong for Newchwang, off Ockussu.  
The British steamer Douglas reports: Left Foochow on Tuesday, the 9th inst., Amoy 10th, and Swatow 11th. Leaving Foochow had moderate easterly and E.N.E. winds, with fine clear weather up to Swatow. Hence to port strong N.E. winds, with almost incessant rain. Passed S. S. Emerald and Hailong outside Amoy harbour going in. Passed S. S. Namoa (supposed) off Tongmi Point. In Foochow: S. S. Cassandra, Europe, Priam, a Russian steamer, and H. M. S. Lapping. In Amoy: S. S. Coriobrooke, Emvy, and H. M. S. Mosquito. In Swatow: S. S. Crusader, Yotung, and Chl. R. C. Fei-hoo.  
The British barque Lota reports: From Lamook to port brk N.E. gale and cloudy weather. Sept 3rd, spoke Victory from Hongkong bound to Tientsin, in lat. 32.39 N., long. 123.38 E.  
The British steamer Priam reports: From leaving Shanghai to arrival at Foochow had light northerly winds and fine weather. From Foochow fresh N.E. winds and cloudy weather throughout.

## POST OFFICE NOTICES.

## MAILS will close:—

For SHANGHAI.—  
Per Ningpo, at 9.30 a.m. To-morrow, the 13th inst.  
For HOIHOW AND PAKHOI.—  
Per H.M.S. Egeria, at 2.30 p.m. To-morrow, the 13th inst., instead of as previously notified.  
For AMOY, TAIWAN, AND TAMSUI.—  
Per Albay, at 2.30 p.m., on Saturday, the 13th inst.  
For STRAITS SETTLEMENTS, SUEZ, AND LONDON.—  
Per Priam, at 4.30 p.m. To-morrow, the 13th inst.  
For BANGKOK.—  
Per Danube, at 5 p.m., on Monday, the 15th inst.  
For SWATOW, AMOY, & FOOCHEW.—  
Per Douglas, at noon, on Tuesday, the 16th inst.  
For SINGAPORE, PENANG, AND OAL-OUTTA.—  
Per Venice and Japan, at 2.30 p.m., on Wednesday, the 17th inst.

MAILS BY THE FRENCH PACKET.—  
The French Contract Packet Sindh will be despatched on TUESDAY, the 16th instant, with Mails to and through the United Kingdom and Europe, via Naples; to Saigon, Straits Settlements, Batavia, Burmah, Ceylon, Pondicherry, Madras, Calcutta, Bombay, Aden, Suez, and Alexandria.  
The usual hours will be observed in closing the Mails, &c.

## MAILS BY THE BRITISH PACKET.—

The British Contract Packet Indus will be despatched on TUESDAY, the 23rd instant, with Mails to and through the United Kingdom and Europe via Brindisi or Southampton; to the Straits Settlements, Batavia, Burmah, Ceylon, India, Aden, Egypt, Malta, and Gibraltar.  
N.B.—This Packet carries no mails for the Australian Colonies, E. or S. Africa, nor for Mauritius.

## MAILS BY THE UNITED STATES PACKET.

The United States Mail Packet City of Peking, will be despatched on WEDNESDAY, the 1st October, with Mails for Japan, San Francisco, the United States, Canada, Honolulu, Peru, &c. which will be closed as follows:—

2.15 P.M.—Registry closes.  
2.30 P.M.—Post-Office closes, but Letters (except for Non-Union Countries) may be posted on board the Packet with Late Fee of 18 cents extra Postage until the time of departure.  
Correspondence for Non-Union West Indies (except the Bahamas and Hayti), Monte Video, Paraguay, and Uruguay cannot be sent by this route.  
Hongkong, September 11, 1879. oc1

## HOURS OF CLOSING

## THE CONTRACT MAILS.

The following hours are observed in closing Mails, &c., by both the British and French Contract Packets:—  
Day before departure.—  
5 P.M.—Money Order Office closes; Post Office closes except the Night Box, which remains open all night.  
Day of departure.—  
7 A.M.—Post Office opens.  
10 A.M.—Registry of Letters ceases. Posting of all printed matter and patterns ceases.  
11 A.M.—Mails closed, except for Late Letters.  
11.10 A.M.—Letters may be posted with Late Fee of 18 cents until  
11.30 A.M.—when the Post Office Closes entirely.  
11.40 A.M.—Late Letters may be posted on board the packet with Late Fee of 18 cents until time of departure.

## Shipping Intelligence.

The following is corrected from the latest London and Colonial Papers, &c.:—

## VESSELS TO ARRIVE.

## AT HONGKONG.

Left.	Name.	From.
Feb.	22, Grossfurt Constantine, Hamburg	
Apr.	3, Leon, Liverpool	
26, Twilight, New York		
27, Homewood, Penarth		
May.	5, Alexander, Penarth	
11, Southern Cross, New York		
13, Glamorganshire, Cardiff		
20, Joseph Hayden, Cardiff		
31, Newcastle, Antwerp		
June.	3, Adolph, Cuzhaven	
6, Harrington, Flushing		
12, Belle of Oregon, Cardiff		
12, Pampero, Antwerp		
28, Joachim Christine, Cardiff		
27, Pym, Antwerp		
July.	3, Undine, Cardiff	
8, Glenrosa, Antwerp		
16, Auroris, Hamburg		
19, Conus, Glasgow		
21, Scindia (a), London		
23, Belled Will, London		
24, Primrose, Penarth		
24, Primus, Penarth		
25, York Town, Penarth		
29, John Nicholson, Cardiff		
30, Ajax (c), Liverpool		

## LOADING FOR CHINA AND JAPAN PORTS.

At London.—Steamers via Suez Canal.  
Lord of the Isles. Glenartney.  
Glenearn.

At Liverpool.  
Langland. Sarah Scott.  
Deucalion (a).

At Hamburg.  
Carmelita & Ida. Papa.  
Hakon Adalsten. Glenagles (Eng. s.s.)  
(Norg. s.s.) Capt. McBain.  
Livingstone. G. Broughton.

## MEMOS. FOR TO-MORROW.

## Shipping.

10 a.m.—Ningpo leaves for Shanghai.  
3 p.m.—Albay leaves for Amoy, &c.  
Meeting.  
9 p.m.—Meeting of St John Lodge, No. 618 S.C.

## THE HONGKONG DISPENSARY, Established A.D. 1841.

## 香港大藥房

## A. S. WATSON &amp; Co., FAMILY &amp; DISPENSING CHEMISTS, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGISTS, IMPORTERS

OF DRUGGISTS' SUPPLIES, NURSERY REQUISITES, TOILET REQUISITES, ENGLISH, AMERICAN, AND FRENCH PATENT MEDICINES.

## MANUFACTURERS OF

Soda Water, Lemonade, Tonic Water, Gingerade, Potass Water, Sarsaparilla Water, and other Aerated Waters.

The Manufactory is under direct and continuous European Supervision.  
Hongkong, June 1, 1876.

## BIRTH.

At Tokio, on the 30th August, the Wife of Mr J. L. HEWITT, of a Daughter.

## DIED.

On the 5th Instant, at No. 155, Bluff, Yokohama, JOHN JULIUS DARE, aged 38 years.

The publication of this issue commenced at 8.30 p.m.

## THE CHINA MAIL.

HONGKONG, FRIDAY, SEPT. 12, 1879.

## LOCAL AND GENERAL.

The next FRENCH MAIL may be expected here by the 17th or 18th, per M. M. str. Tygre.

In our remarks last night on the lighting of the Singapore approaches, we said "Cheapness and efficiency have consequently been avoided." For "efficiency" read "inefficiency."

The news from Pakhoi is not sensational, neither is it very satisfactory. The people were quiet, but by no means settled. It will be noticed that H. M. S. Egeria is under orders for Pakhoi, to relieve or join H. M. S. Midge, already there.

LAST evening, as the Kowloon ferry-launch Morning Star was returning, on her last trip to Hongkong, Mr Buxoo, the master, noticed a small pull-away boat upset by a junk, off Tsai-Tat-Tai Point. He put off with the Morning Star, and picked up nine persons, from the upturned boat out of the water, seven of them being small children. The junk quietly kept on her course. This is not the first time that Mr Buxoo has been thus humbly engaged.

It is stated in a Reuter's telegram that the M. M. steamer Tygre, with the next French mail, left Singapore for Saigon and Hongkong on the 10th (Wednesday). She may therefore be looked for here on the 17th or 18th.—The steamer Glenartney is said to have left Singapore for this port on the same day as the Loudoun Castle (Tuesday), the 9th, so that they may be looked for on 14th or 15th. On the same day (the 9th) the steamers Ajax and Scindia are also reported as having left Singapore for Hongkong.

The Japan papers contain full reports of the case heard before Consul Flowers at Hiogo, in which the Agents of the steamer Galley of Lorne sued John Pitman for \$250, being certain expenses incurred by the detention of the steamer, and by the engagement of passage for H. E. Governor Hennessy and suite. Plaintiff alleged that the arrangement was not regarded as a question of demurrage, as a lump sum for passage and detention to Saturday evening had been agreed upon between the parties. A telegram was then sent to Mr Pitman that the following effect:—"Galley of Lorne will wait until Saturday evening. Will take Governor Hennessy and suite for two hundred and fifty dollars. Captain Dryden considers it settled." But the words "and suite for two hundred" were, it appears, left out of the copy supplied to defendant; and, as alleged, defendant presumed that the "and \$50" referred to demurrage, as such a question had been put in the conversation at Hiogo between the parties. As the Consul says in his judgment, "the point therefore for the Court to decide is whether the defendant was justified in putting the construction he did upon the telegram he received as fixing \$50 per day for demurrage, after the conversation he had held with the plaintiff in his office in the morning, when he was distinctly told that it was not a question of demurrage. I am of opinion," the Consul continues, "that the defendant must have been aware, from his own personal experience in business matters, that a large steamer of the Galley of Lorne's class could not be detained at the rate of \$50 per day. If there had been any doubt in his mind with regard to the true meaning of the telegram he might easily have had it repeated. I therefore consider that it was an error on the part of the defendant, and that he is liable for the amount claimed."

Defendant, during the hearing, stated that he was not acting under Mr Hennessy's instructions when the passages were engaged for the Governor and his suite. In his evidence, Mr Pitman stated that he "thought the terms very reasonable, but in an experience of 25 years in China and Japan, not at all extraordinary, considering the circumstances. The agents of the steamer in Hongkong are gentlemen of the highest standing, and with whom,

in times past, I have had considerable business transactions. The senior partner of that firm is a member of the Legislative Council of Hongkong, and it did not appear to me extraordinary that the steamer should wait for an extra portion of a day for the Governor for a sum of \$50, considering that the sum more than paid all her actual expenses whilst she might lay here, per day." Plaintiff put in a bill for stores, principally delicacies, amounting to \$88.65, which the Captain had incurred, "to make the Governor comfortable," and as he considered it would be quite a feather in his cap to carry the Governor and suite.—Judgment was given for the plaintiff, with costs; and no mention is made in the report of any notice having been given to appeal.

GENERAL Grant took his departure from Japan on the 3rd inst., amid the warmest expressions of hospitable courtesy. The General and party had been entertained at a farewell banquet by their Majesties the Emperor and Empress on the 30th ult., when the distinguished visitor took formal farewell of his Majesty, and was presented with bronze vases, book-cases, rolls of silk, and some chairs. Numerous generals of the army and admirals of the navy, as well as the committee of the people of Tokio, had gathered (says the Gazette) to show respect to the illustrious visitor. "The leaving-taking ceremony over, the General and his suite, accompanied by their Excellencies Sanjo, Iwakura, Ito, Kawamura, Saigo, Mori, Yoshida, Inouye, Date, Shintani, and other distinguished persons, entered the special train provided to convey them to Yokohama, arriving here at 9.15. General Grant was met at the railway station by the local authorities and about fifty of the principal merchants. The General received their felicitations, shook hands with each, then entered his carriage and rode to the Port Admiral's office at Benten, from which it had been arranged he was to embark on board the City of Tokio. At the port of the Port Admiral's office were General T. B. Van Buren, Consul-General, Admiral Patterson and his staff, all of whom gave General Grant a hearty greeting as he alighted from his carriage. In the course of twenty minutes General Grant took his departure in a steam launch, amidst a splendid display of fireworks, boarding the City of Tokio shortly before ten o'clock. The deck of the steamer, was filled with officers from the various ships of war and civilians from the shore, with all of whom the General shook hands, and took a brief farewell. The extreme anxiety of Captain Murry to be off left no time for congratulations or expressions of good-will. A tug then turned the steamer's head round and in a few minutes she was steaming away on her voyage, under the escort of three Japanese men-of-war—one going before the steamer, another alongside, and the flag-ship following in her wake. It was not long, however, before the City of Tokio outpaced them all. This was the last seen of General Grant, to whom we heartily join with the people of this empire in wishing a happy and prosperous voyage."

The cholera returns for Japan to 30th Aug. are:—Total number of cases, 111,518. Deaths, 60,193.

We (Japan Gazette, Sept. 6) learn that a well-known foreign resident was arrested to-day upon charges of a more or less significant character, supposed to be connected with a recent insolvency and hypothecation of goods. As the matter must soon be made the subject of a preliminary examination we refrain from giving any further particulars, merely pointing out the advisability of suspending opinion upon the gravamen of the alleged offences until their nature is officially made known.

## CHILD SCALDED TO DEATH.

## INQUEST.

An inquest was held this afternoon at the Government Civil Hospital, on the body of a Chinese female child aged two years, named Lo Tze Kum; O. V. Creagh, Esq., as Coroner, Messrs W. Wheeler, J. M. dos Remedios, and H. E. Braddon, forming the jury.

Dr. Wherry stated that the body of deceased, which was brought to the Hospital this morning, showed signs of scalding, on the face, arms, and upper part of the chest. Death had resulted from the shock of the scalding.

Li Akin, mother of the deceased, stated that she was in her cook room, the day before yesterday. There was a kettle of boiling water there. She had left the cook room for a few minutes, and heard cries proceeding from there. On going back she found her daughter lying close to the fire, her clothes covered with the hot water from the kettle, which was upset and broken. The kettle was on the fire when she left the cook-room. She carried the child to the sitting room, and applied oil to the scalds, and sent for her husband. A Chinese doctor was called, and recommended the oil treatment to be continued. The child died about two o'clock yesterday morning.

Lo Pau Yun, husband to the last witness, gave corroborative evidence. The Jury returned a verdict of "Accidental death."

## Police Intelligence.

## (Before O. V. Creagh, Esq.)

Friday, Sept. 12.

## FOUR SUMMONSES AGAINST EUROPEANS—

## ABSAULT, PROVOKING A BREACH OF THE PEACE, ETC.

At the opening of the Court to-day, four summonses were called in which Europeans were concerned.

The first was that in which George Allen, engineer, was the plaintiff, and William Keller, Superintendent, East Point District, was the defendant. The latter was charged with having, on the 10th inst., (1) unlawfully assaulted and beaten the plaintiff, (2) unlawfully used threatening, abusive and insulting words to the complainant, with intent to provoke a breach of the peace, in contravention of section 13, of Ord. No. 14 of 1845, and (3) unlawfully suffered to be at large certain unmuzzled ferocious dogs, belonging to him, whereby the plaintiff was bitten and injured.

The second summons was against Allen and Mrs. Kyle, who were charged with having assaulted and beaten the complainant, Keller.

In the third case, John Kyle, the manufacturer, was complainant, Keller again defendant. In this case he was charged

with having (1) assaulted and beaten the wife of the complainant, Mary Ann Kyle, and (2) used words and threatening language, intended, and insulting language, with intent to provoke a breach of the peace.

In the fourth case Wong Ahn, fromman, was the plaintiff, and Keller again defendant; he was in this case charged with having assaulted and beaten the complainant.

Mr Denny appeared for Mr Keller, and Mr Wotton for all the other parties concerned, viz., Mr Allen, Mrs Kyle and Wong Ahn.

Mr Keller having taken out his summons first, the case in which he was the plaintiff was taken first.

His Worship said it appeared to him that the whole of the cases arose from the same events or series of events. It would be best to take them in the usual way, in the order in which the complaints had been made.

Mr Wotton: In that case I should ask your Worship to suspend judgment in the case heard first until the others have also been fully heard.

His Worship: I have of course that power, and should do so.

Mr Denny: That is if they have to be heard at all. If all the parties concerned in the four cases have an opportunity of making their statements in the first case there will be no necessity for anything more.

## KELLER v. ALLEN—ABSAULT, ETC.

Mr Denny then laid the case for Mr Keller before the Court. The complainant had been employed at the Distillery for the last ten years, first of all as a cooper, and afterwards, when Mr Jack, the Manager, left or died, he then became Manager, or person in charge. Between the Distillery and the Ice House—the Ice House being the residence of defendant—there is a road about 20 feet wide and 110 long. Last year, or some considerable time ago, in June, 1878, Mr Jack wished to make some alterations with regard to this lane; he wished to make a hole in the wall, leading into the open space shown on the plan produced, in order to let the water drain off. Mr Bain objected to this. Complainant was told to do the work, and thereupon a little disturbance took place. Allen at that time was standing by, and saw this row between Mr Bain and the complainant. The latter said he was acting under instructions, and as Mr Bain lay down on the road to prevent him from doing what he was instructed to do, he removed him from the spot, and referred him to Mr Jack. Certain letters were written by Mr Brerton. No answer was sent to these letters and no legal steps were taken: but it appeared that from that time there had been considerable feeling between the parties with regard to this alley-way.

His Worship: To whom does it belong?

Mr Denny said he had been instructed only late yesterday, and has not been able to ascertain as yet the strict legal rights of the parties, but there was no doubt they had a user over this way. Mr Wotton's clients in this case, or rather the Ice Company, claimed the place as theirs and said that the other side had simply a right-of-way over it. But whether that was so or not really made no material difference. Two or three days ago the complainant had occasion to make a complaint to his Worship, about some indecent bathing at this place, and mentioned to the Court the nuisance of a Chinese water-closet in front of his house. He was intending to take out a case with a view to getting this nuisance removed. So, when he went back to his house he went into this back road, going through the godown and not in at the entrance. This was some little time after he had returned. He found, standing upon this ground, against his own wall two large iron hoops belonging to the Ice House. For certain purposes of his own he wished to take some measurements, so he removed them and laid them down on the ground. In doing so he broke two clay pipes that were standing up against the wall; articles of no value at all to speak of. His breaking them was perfectly accidental and unintentional on his part, for, as he was instructed, Mr Keller had not the slightest intention of hurting anything or any one at all; he simply desired to take these measurements. As soon as he had done this Mr Allen came out from a passage between his house and the Chinese quarters at the back, and in a very excited and very angry way asked him what he was doing there. He answered that the pipes he had just much right there as the other. Other words passed. Allen had in his hand the piece of wood produced (an iron hoop, rough, ragged, and shown to the Court) and he raised it up, making a blow at Mr Keller, who raised his arm to ward it off; the force of the blow was shown by the swollen state his arm was in yesterday. They struggled and fell down together, Mr Allen falling under and pulling out a large quantity of Mr Keller's beard. [Mr Denny produced some hair wrapped up in a newspaper, which, he said, was a sample of a large quantity pulled out.]

Mr Wotton: You may show the quantity pulled out; but you cannot produce a sample.

Mr Denny: We can produce a sample of a quantity.

Mr Wotton: You can get a sample on his chin.

Mr Denny went on to state that two or three coolies and Chinese workmen helped on to Mr Keller, and tried to drag him down. As he would himself tell the Court he wanted to get rid of them, and so he round him. He must have been very excited at the time, and no doubt the coolies would be able to show that he had bled some of their noses for them, or something of the sort. After that Mr Allen got up and ran away, running into the Chinese quarters at the end of this open place. Mrs Kyle, who had been a spectator of most of this, came up at the same time with a piece of wood in her hand, calling Keller names, and threatening him with the stick. There was no actual battery, but she was technically guilty of an assault. She used language calculated to provoke a breach of the peace, and no doubt Mr Keller retaliated to certain extent. When Allen came up Mr Keller, Allen said to him—"You will not do with me as you did with Mr Bain. Then he tried to bring the peace of wood produced down on his head." Keller defended himself and was hurt very severely. He asked that the Court should punish him as he deserved for this offence. Again the other defendant he did not press a charge. It would be sufficient that she bound over to keep the peace.



next, they had a fowl house set up; and next to that was a Chinese water-closet exactly opposite the sitting-room of his client's house. The defendant appeared to have done everything that they knew or thought would annoy him with regard to this place of land, and there had been a great deal of sore feeling in regard to this affair. It might be that when Allen saw his client removing those hoops he thought he was intending to get rid of them, but really he never had any such intention. He was really doing and intending to do no damage whatever. He might only state further that when the Ice House was first started the people belonging to it and Mr Keller were on very friendly terms, were very good friends indeed; and the only reason for the ill-feeling that had apparently led to this row was the quarrel Mr Keller had with Mr Bain last year. There was something said in one of the summonses about dogs. It properly and strictly speaking did not come into this case, but as the witnesses would tell his Worship—

Mr Wotton: If it is not part of this case it will be better to take it in its proper order.

The Magistrate: But it has to do with the assault.

Mr Wotton: Yes, a great deal to do with the assault, but Mr Denny is now going into his defence to the other charge, that respecting his keeping ferocious and dangerous dogs unmuzzled.

Mr Denny went on to explain that the dogs came upon the scene when they heard or saw the fighting, but so far as he knew, they hurt no one, and certainly he did not set them on.

Mr Wotton said he would be quite prepared to show that the dogs "set on" without any inducement in any way. They were ferocious dogs who would attack without being set on.

His Worship: Have the dogs bitten anybody else before?

Mr Wotton: Oh, yes; I shall be able to show that.

Evidence was then read as follows:—

William Keller, stated, he is at present acting manager of the Rum Distillery, and lives on the premises; has been in that employ for about ten years. On Wednesday last he was up at the Police Court, and returned home about a quarter past two. About four o'clock, he set about making a survey of the premises with a view to getting a nuisance removed which he had spoken of to his Worship that day. He removed two iron hoops which were leaning against his wall, as they were in his way and prevented his measuring in doing so, he let them fall on some pipes lying there, breaking one or two of them. Mr Allen came on the scene, and had a stick in his hand. He said "You b—y—b—r, you won't do with me as you did with Mr Bain." When Mr Allen said so, witness asked him why he (Mr Allen) called him names. Mr Allen then aimed a blow at witness' head with a stick, which he warded off, and they wrestled together and fell on the ground, Mr Allen falling under. Mr Allen seized witness by his beard, pulling some of it out; while on the ground, witness lifted his foot and gave Mr Allen a stroke on the hip.

His Worship: Have you any mark?

Witness: Yes; my face is marked, and my arm was swollen where the stick hit me; it would have split my head if I had not warded it off.

Examination resumed:—After witness got up, some coolies arrived and tried to pull him down. He turned round to shake them off and in doing so, may have struck some of them. Mr Allen got up from the ground and went into the Chinese quarters of the Ice House; the coolies meanwhile were standing around. Mrs Kyle was standing about twenty-five feet off where witness was standing, and had a large stick in her hand, with which she pointed at witness, using bad language. Witness told Mrs Kyle that she would be better upstairs than down here interfering in a row. When Mr Allen was in the house, witness said to him, if he had a revolver he would shoot him for pulling his beard. Witness had a revolver, but it has not been loaded for six months. Shortly afterwards, a European constable came and took witness to the Station, where the Inspector said there was a charge preferred against him. Witness afterwards applied at the Magistrate's for a summons. Witness never spoke to Mr Allen before Wednesday last, and did not understand what he meant by his words when he referred to not getting over him as he had got over Mr Bain unless it referred to his once having told Mr Bain three times, to remove out of his way, when as he refused, he struck him on the leg with a crowbar, which only caused a mere scratch. Since Mr Kyle's return, witness has not spoken to him. Witness was employed for six months at the Ice house by Mr Bain, and got \$50 a month; at that time, he was very good friends with the proprietor of the Ice house. Witness told Mr Sharp to get the drain question and the question of right of way settled. Nothing has been done in the matter; witness cannot say who has the best right to the lane in question; the Chinese claim is a great nuisance and that was his only reason for taking out a summons.

Cross-examined by Mr Wotton:—Witness has lived two years on the premises, and was bound over to keep the peace about the 3rd January of this year for six months for using threatening language to Mr Bain. The time has not long expired. I was always good friends with Mr Bain before I was charged with assaulting him. (The charge was put in; no evidence had been taken, it showed merely that defendant was bound over to keep the peace for six months.) Witness said he had some words with Mr Bain before the alleged assault.

Mr Wotton: How many pipes did you break?

Witness: Two, I believe. Mr Allen went into the Chinese quarters after he got up; I tried to get in.

Mr Wotton: Did you try hard to get in?

Witness: Not very hard.

Mr Wotton: Did you not try as hard as you possibly could?

Witness: Not a bit of it; I shoved the door with my hand, and also with the small piece of wood produced in Court.

Mr Wotton: Did you not hit Mr Allen with that piece of wood?

Witness: No, certainly not.

Mr Wotton: Are you a man who often says what he does not mean?

Witness: I always speak the truth.

Mr Wotton: Then you meant what you said when you threatened to shoot Mr Allen?

Witness: No, not in that case; I never intended to carry it out.—In reply to Mr Wotton, witness said: I have a revolver

and ammunition; but it has not been loaded for six months.

Mr Wotton asked witness if he had been drinking after he left the Court that day.

Witness replied, Only a glass of draught beer.

Mr Wotton: Are you generally a cool-tempered man?

Witness: I could not be a very cool-tempered man when I am struck with a piece of wood like that, (pointing to stick alleged to have been used by Mr Allen). I am rather cool-tempered otherwise. Mrs Kyle told me I was a bad man; I don't know what for, or what was her reason for saying so. I might have hit something when I swung my arm round. I do not know for certain and cannot account for the bruises sustained by Mr Allen; we were hitting one another.

Mr Wotton: Were you not very angry when you left the Police Court that day because you did not get a summons out against Mr Kyle?

Witness answered: I left the Court quite pleased. I was there that day to prosecute two Chinamen for indecent bathing, and never asked for a summons against Mr Kyle. I only asked His Worship for advice as to what I should do about the privy.

By Mr Wotton:—Mrs Kyle would be about twenty-five feet from where we were standing.

By Mr Denny:—I cannot say exactly how Mr Allen, or how I myself got marked; but I suppose it must have been in the scuffle. When charged by Mr Bain last year for assault, I denied striking him, and was bound over for six months for using bad language. We were both in chairs when the assault was alleged to have been committed. When I spoke about my revolver I had no intention of using it; my revolver is in my chest of drawers and has not been loaded for six months. The hair produced in Court, I combed out of my beard after I went upstairs; I cannot say how much Mr Allen had in his hands.

Mr Wotton suggested that it would perhaps be better to take this case the case of Allen v. Keller. It was concerning precisely the same squabble.

Mr Denny objected, as Mr Wotton had refused to the request he made.

The Magistrate said he thought it would be best to close the case.

Mr Wotton laying the case before the Court for the defendants said the defendants in this case were virtually the complainants in the others in which Mr Keller was the defendant. There was a road between the Ice house premises and the Distillery premises. That road belonged to Messrs Kyle and Bain, but the people on the Distillery property had a right of way to their premises along this road, and nothing more than a right of way. They had no property in the freehold itself. But that was not the question which his Worship was going to try.

There were certain things, belonging to Kyle and Bain, on this roadway, properly there. On the 10th inst. Mr Allen was in his office, when he heard some disturbance outside in this road; as he heard some noise of breakage he went outside, and saw Mr Keller breaking some drain pipes, and some hooping which had been standing up was now lying on the ground. He remonstrated with him and said he should not do that. If he wanted them removed he should have himself spoken to him or to Mr Kyle and one of them would have made the coolies lift them. Mr Keller had no right to lift anything there; all he was entitled to do was to walk by that road from the Ice-house premises.

His Honour: But he said he removed them from his own wall.

Mr Wotton: Well, if they were leaning against the wall that does not justify what followed. Mr Allen said to Mr Keller something like, "You are not going to get over me in the same way as you did over Mr Bain." Upon this Mr Keller struck out at him twice with his doubled fist and knocked him down. Keller then fell on him placing his knee on his chest and still striking at him. Mr Allen caught Keller by the head and by so doing no doubt to a very great extent prevented Keller from doing him further harm. Mr Keller was swearing, tearing about and behaving in a violent manner towards Allen, and threatening all sorts of things. Some coolies rushed up and caught Keller by the arms and held him and so prevented him from using his arms further to assault Mr Allen.

When his arms were thus held he began kicking Mr Allen as hard as he could. Allen eventually got away and got into a sort of coolie quarters which were near. Two coolies who were there rushed in with him and assisted him in keeping the door, and preventing Mr Keller from gaining an entrance. Mr Keller had taken up the large piece of wood which he had produced in Court (a five or six feet bar, some 4 in. or 5 in. square) and tried to break open the door with it. At the same time Mr Keller was using the most foul and disgusting language that could possibly come out of a man's mouth. He used vile names towards the defendant and threats, actually threatening to shoot him. As he stated in his own evidence, he said that if he had a revolver he would shoot him. He had a revolver and ammunition in the house, and it would be proper to call out to his boy, "Go and bring my revolver, and I will shoot him." Luckily the boy did not go to the house for the revolver, or, as he would be able to show by the condition the man was in, some far more serious damage would have been caused to Mr Allen. Luckily for Mr Keller himself the people there prevented him from continuing the foul and cowardly assault he had commenced. Not being able to get in he struck at Mr Allen through the bars of the window but did not reach him. The whole of this time Mrs Kyle was a witness of what occurred. She saw the commencement of the disturbance from her own window. When she saw it was becoming so serious she went downstairs and spoke to Mr Keller, remonstrating with him, but she had no such piece of wood as the complainant had sworn to. She used no such expressions as he had indicated; she only said, "Why do you conduct yourself in this way, you bad man," an expression one might naturally expect. The principal witness of the affair, therefore, Mrs Kyle, he could not call. Neither could the defendant of course be examined in this case. But Mr Wong Apun, who was employed in the Ice House he would call, and he would tell the Court what he saw. He has no doubt His Worship would come to the conclusion, when he had heard the evidence, that no assault had been committed by Mrs Kyle or by Mr Allen. He did not think he would mention anything about the dogs till the other case came on.

The following evidence was then heard:—Wong Apun stated he was a head workman at the Ice House; he knows the complainant Mr Keller, and remembers the day of the row. He was then at the Ice House, between three and four o'clock, in the compound. He could not see the Distillery premises from where he was standing. He saw Mr Keller, near the Chinese quarters, removing something. He threw the hoops on the ground very roughly; some broken pipes were lying on the ground. Witness saw Mr Allen walk towards Mr Keller, and followed him. Mr Allen spoke first.

Mr Wotton: Tell the Court in the best way you can, the words used by Mr Allen.

Witness: Mr Allen said, "What are you doing hitting those things?" Mr Keller said he "no wanches you keep that thing on that wall." Mr Allen said "You can move that thing that fashion and break that pipe." I did not understand what Mr Keller said after that.

By Mr Wotton:—Both Mr Allen and Mr Keller spoke in an ordinary tone of voice. Mr Allen said, "If you had wished the things removed I would have told my coolies to have done it."

Mr Wotton: Were the two men quarrelling?

Witness: Words passed between the two which I did not understand. Mr Keller then struck Mr Allen on the face. I saw positive Mr Keller was the first to strike. Mr Allen waved up his hand to defend himself; they struck each other. Mr Keller knocked Mr Allen down, on the chest when his chest and struck him, not on his face; they were on the ground, not on his face; the first blow he struck was on the face. Witness, with another man, caught Mr Keller by the arm and dragged him off Mr Allen, who was lying on the ground. Mr Keller struck witness on the nose, but he (witness) cannot say if it were done intentionally, or otherwise. Witness was afraid Mr Keller was going to kill Mr Allen while they were on the ground, so he ran to the police station. Witness did not see Mr Allen get up as he had gone for the police. When he returned with the police, Mr Allen was inside the Chinese quarters and Mr Keller was knocking at the door. The large piece of wood produced was lying on the ground in front of the door, and is not the piece Mr Keller was using when witness saw him.

Witness saw Mr Keller as soon as he saw the sergeant and three constables arrive, walked away. Witness has known Mr Keller for some time, and has worked with him under the same employer. Mr Keller has a very violent temper. He never struck witness while employed at the Ice House.

Cross-examined by Mr Denny:—I have taken out no summons against Mr Keller, through the solicitor; he did not take out the summons at all.

Mr Wotton: Did you intend to take out a summons against Mr Keller?

Witness: I did not.

By Mr Denny:—I did not instruct Mr Wotton to take out a summons against Mr Keller; if he has done so he has made a mistake; it is against my wish; perhaps he has done so. I have no desire to take out a summons against Mr Keller. The blow received was accidental, to the best of my belief.

By Mr Denny:—That afternoon witness was merely standing in the compound of the Ice House, on the other side of the coal, and could only see along the narrow lane between the coals and the Chinese quarters. Witness saw Mr Allen walk down that lane, and went after him. Witness thought he was required to move something and went with Mr Allen. Mr Allen did not ask him to go; it was his own idea. The pipes and hoops were leaning against the Distillery wall, and Mr Keller was removing them. Mr Allen did not prevent his removing the things. Mr Keller stopped of his own accord when Mr Allen went up. Witness heard Mr Keller say he did not want the things left against the wall.

Mr Denny: Did Mr Keller have anything in his hand when struck by Mr Allen?

Witness: No.

Mr Denny: Did Mr Allen pick up the piece of wood when going along the lane?

Witness: No. I did not see the piece of wood when they were on the ground. I only saw the wood when I came back with the police.

By Mr Denny:—I saw no iron bar in Mr Allen's hands while he was in the Chinese quarters; the two men spoke about five minutes before the fight began; Mr Bain's name was mentioned by Mr Allen. They were fighting about two or three minutes before I went for the Police. I only saw Mr Keller give Mr Allen a blow on the face. They were both spurring, but I cannot say how Mr Keller got the blow on his face, as I did not take any notice.

Mr Denny: Did you not notice Mr Keller's face when they were speaking?

Witness: I was rather afraid to look at him as they were quarrelling. I have never been beaten by Mr Keller, and cannot say Mr Allen did not hit him in the face; they were both striking at each other. When Mr Allen and myself went up the lane he came from the house; he was not on the top floor. Mr Allen's office is on the ground floor. I was called to order the coolies to remove the ice boxes. I followed Mr Allen up the lane of my own accord, and then called some coolies to remove the boxes. It was not to prevent Mr Keller from removing the things that I took the coolies. It was when the two men were disputing that the coolies came. Mr Keller hit Mr Allen two or three times. The first blow was warded off by Mr Allen; the second struck him in the chest, under the eye. The mark shown by Mr Allen was not made by that blow, but by the kick.

[Mr Wotton suggested that the witness is being confused by the interpreter, and asked him to put the questions singly to the witness.]

Continued: Mr Allen was struck on the right eye with Mr Keller's fist; the blow on the left cheek was done by the kick.

To the Court:—I saw no piece of wood or any other weapon in the men's hands during the whole of the fight.

P. O. Charles Bond, stated: On the 10th instant, I was called to the Ice House by last witness who came to the station and said there was a murder. He saw Mr Keller with a piece of wood in his hand standing in the compound outside the Chinese quarters. He was shaking the wood and said, "Come out, come out, you English"—using strong terms. When Mr Keller saw me he walked away. I followed, and when within about a yard of him, said, "Drop that wood at once." I had to give that order four or five times before it was complied with. Mr Keller said, "I'll explain it to you," to which I replied, "Never mind explaining; put the wood down." Mr Keller was very excited and said, "All right, all right," and gave me the wood, which I passed over to a hukong. We then saw Mr Allen, and Mr Keller said, "That's him, that's him."

Mr Allen was looking frightened, and was scratched. I did not observe his having a black eye at the time. Mr Allen showed me a mark and spoke about having been bitten by a dog.

Cross-examined by Mr Denny:—Mr Keller said to me, "I picked up the wood there," pointing to a spot, near his own premises. He said on the way to the Station that he received a blow with that from Mr Allen, and showed me a mark on his wrist. His lip was scratched. I consider Mr Allen was more punished than Mr Keller, because he was looking frightened and had been looked up in a room. Both men were quite willing to come to the station. I heard nothing mentioned about a revolver. Mr Keller was excited at first, but became cool when I told him that no arrest had been made, and that he could give all his explanations to the Inspector when he got to the Station. When before the Inspector, Mr Keller said he wished to get a summons against Mr Allen for having struck him with the piece of wood.

Re-examined:—I went again to the Ice house about half-past nine that evening, knowing both of the men to be at large. There was no further disturbance.

This finished the first case.

Mr Denny asked his Worship to give judgment in it now.

His Worship said he would, if Mr Wotton did not object.

Mr Denny submitted his friend had no right to object.

His Worship said he would not decide this case now if Mr Wotton told him he would have a fuller view of the facts by hearing the other cases now, before giving his decision.

Mr Denny said his friend was simply trying to get the oath and evidence of the defendant in, which was very improper.

His Worship said the defendant had as much right to have his statement on oath considered as the plaintiff. He had the best right to be the plaintiff in fact; he came here first. He would adhere to his original intention, to hear all before deciding any.

ALLEN V. KELLER—ASSAULT, &c.

In this case the following evidence was then heard:—

George Allen:—I am engineer in charge of the Ice Works. I have been there for twenty-three months. During that time I have known Mr Keller by sight as being connected with the Rum Distillery. I never spoke to him until the 10th inst. About a quarter to four on the afternoon of the 10th I went to my office on the ground floor for the purpose of attending to some coast orders. I heard a noise as of something being broken and went out and saw Mr Keller shifting some hoops which had previously been leaning against the wall. Some pipes were also there. I had seen Mr Keller shifting the things very roughly, breaking some of them, and I asked him why he had done so. He answered, "I will break everything on this right-of-way. They had no business against my wall." I then replied to him, "You have no right to break anything that has been placed in my charge. If they are in your way and you wished them removed, why did you not ask me to shift them." Mr Keller then said, "Who the— are you? what are you? where do you come from?" and a lot more of the like, all in one breath. I had nothing in my hand at that time. I said, "It is none of your business who I am or what I am." I told him I did not want any of his bluster, and I said, "You will not get over me as you got over Mr Bain." I was quite close to him then. I said to Mr Keller, "You are taking a mean advantage; to kick up a row knowing Mr Kyle to be away." I then returned a blow straight in the face and felt stunned; the blow came so quickly that I could not guard it off. I felt dazed, but at the same time felt I was being punished and tried to defend myself. We fell together; then I was bitten by a dog. There were three dogs, belonging to Mr Keller, all large animals which appear to be savage, around me. I received a bite on the thigh from one of the dogs. The wound of the bite has been cauterized by Dr Young. During the struggle I felt that Mr Keller was trying to do me grievous bodily harm, as I felt his knees bumping on my chest. I took hold of his beard and tried to free myself, as I thought I was going to be murdered. Then the coolies came and pulled Mr Keller away. I rushed into the coolie house, and was followed by two Chinamen. We secured the door to prevent any one coming in. Mr Keller tried to break open the door and was crying, "Come out, you coward, and I'll do for you before morning." Some one was hammering against the door at the same time Mr Keller was calling out. He called out to his boy to bring his revolver that he might "shoot the bound." I heard Mr Kyle begging of Mr Keller to go away. He was trying to strike me through the bars with a piece of wood, but failed to reach me. He then got a piece of brick or some other hard substance and threw it through the window. It did not hit me. He kept on trying to break open the door and using filthy language to Mrs Kyle, who said, "Go away, you bad man, and leave Mr Allen alone." It was only when the police came that he stopped hammering away at the door. About half-past nine that night the constable came down, and I showed him a door which led from Mr Keller's premises to the Ice House, and said I was afraid of being attacked in the night. Mr Keller was at the window and said, "I've made you smell twice before and I'll do it again." This was in presence of the Police. I had no wood in my hand at all, and did not strike Mr Keller with anything, unless in guarding off the blows. Nor did I direct any blow, with the intention of hitting him. The dogs are in the habit of barking at coolies and cattle and have bitten me. They were not generally muzzled; they were loose that day. The language used by Mr Keller towards Mrs Kyle was very indecent. I am now in dread of my life after the threats Mr Keller has used against me. When Mr Keller was telling Mrs Kyle to go away he said, "You go away out of this, or I'll do for you too." I have warned Mr Kyle that if I cannot get any better protection down at the Ice House, I will be unable to carry out my engagement.

Cross-examined by Mr Denny:—I heard him threatening to knock Mr Bain's brains out. I spoke quietly with him until he asked who I was and where I came from. I was then a little angry and spoke to him in that way. I told him it was none of his business. I believed he knew me perfectly well as I have been there some two years. I swear I had not, neither at the beginning nor afterwards, a piece of wood in my hand. The first time I saw that piece of wood was when he struck at me through the bars. I may have struck at him hard enough to give him a black eye;

but it must have been in warding off the blow. I look upon Mr Keller down there as a nuisance. He wants the coolest to be removed and so on. He is always disagreeable in everything about the place. I was not very angry, not so angry that I do not remember what was said or done. The dogs came up when I was on the ground. The Chinamen were there when the dogs were there. I was bitten by one of the dogs. I should say two of them are twelve months old; the other is quite a big dog; he might be 8 or 10 months old. I cannot say that I did not fear Mr Keller's coat. I had an instinct that I was being very severely punished, and believed that that man wanted to murder me. Had it not been for the Chinese, I believe he would have done it. I saw murder in his eyes if there was in any man's. As sure as I am standing in this box he wanted to murder me. He would have killed me had it not been for the Chinese. I knew something of him before, you know.

Re-examined:—I saw him strike Mr Bain on the leg with an iron bar, 1½ in diameter. Mr Bain walked with a crutch for a week. I saw his leg, which was badly bruised. I have several wounds on my head. I went to Dr Young.

Margaret Kyle:—I am the wife of John Kyle and reside at the Ice Works, East Point. I remember the 10th inst. About a quarter to four I heard loud talking and looked out of my room window, and saw Mr Allen and Mr Keller, standing a yard and a half apart, and about 80 feet from me. Mr Keller had his face, Mr Allen his back towards me. I saw nothing in Mr Keller's hand nor in Mr Allen's hand. Mr Allen said, "You must not come and destroy the property I am entrusted with." Mr Keller said, "Who are you, what are you. You are no Engineer. I know what you are," and something else I cannot remember. Mr Allen said, "You will not bluster me as you did Mr Bain." Then Mr Keller struck Mr Allen in the face, or jaw. Mr Keller then rushed on Allen, knocking him down and falling on the top of him, kicking him and beating him with his fists. I saw three dogs all round about Mr Allen. I screamed out, "Don't kill Mr Allen." I had a good bit to run along the verandah and down the back stairs. When I did get down I found him still on the top of Allen striking him, and two of our coolies trying to pull him off. I ran for the carpenter, who is a powerful man. When I came back the coolies had got Mr Allen into the Chinese quarters and Mr Keller was battering at the door with the heavy piece of wood now produced. This continued for the space of ten minutes. I said, "Oh, you wicked man. You intend to kill Mr Allen." He said, "You go away or I'll do for you." I said, "I will not go away and leave Mr Allen to be killed. Although you strike me I shall stay here." He kept battering at the door. Then he threw away the large piece of wood and got a small piece of wood and struck at Allen through the bars. He called him frightful names. Then he got a stone and threw it through the bars. He went on in this way till the Police came. He nearly got an entrance two or three times; then I screamed and called to the coolies to pull him back. I believe if he had got in he would have killed Mr Allen. I thought he would strike me and picked up a small piece of wood to defend myself.

Witness voluntarily said:—I am in terror of my life. I cannot stay down there as long as that man has free access to our property. Now he can come into our property at any moment. I may say he is like a madman and not like a human being.

Mr Wotton: You mean like a wild beast more than like a human being?

Witness: Yes.

Mr Denny: Your only reason for saying that he is like a madman is what?

Witness: The wild look that was on his face.

Mr Denny: Have you ever seen two men fight before?

Witness: I don't think I have.

Cross-examination, continued:—I have never seen him in any disturbance before. When I was here, some four years ago, I knew him to say "good morning" to him. I had then no reason to complain of him. I did not attempt to strike him in any way; I simply said I would wait there, even if he struck me, till the Policeman came. I say that I believed he would have killed Allen because he said, "Come out and I'll do for you." He never said, "Come out and fight."

To the Court:—From first to last Allen had nothing in his hand; neither before going in to the house or after.

Mr Kyle deposed to the road being the property of his firm, who bought it with the right of way to the Distillery people on it. He was in town during the afternoon, returning home at 7 p.m. He saw Keller in the evening when the Sergeant was there. He said "Look here, my man. I have done for you twice before, and I'll do it again and that before long." These are not the exact words, but the meaning was he had done some harm to the firm twice and intended to do more. I have known him some time; he was once in our employ. He is a very violent man. When he is in a passion he has absolutely no control over himself. I am complainant in another charge against him. He has four dogs. Mr Allen has been in our employ two years; he is a quiet, peaceable man.

Cross-examination:—I have personally no knowledge of any acts of violence on Keller's part. We use this ground over which they have a right of way, for placing any boxes or such like, which we can remove at a few moments' notice. We dry gunny-bags there; they give out no offensive smell. The closet has been there for a long time, long before Mr Keller was there. It is not on the right of way. It is behind our works; we would not have it on front. It may be in front of his sitting room; it must be in front of something. I understood him in his threatening about doing for us to refer to two previous occasions when he assaulted Mr Bain with a crow-bar and another occasion when he threatened him with a knife, causing him to go about in dread of his life. Bain had no witnesses to this threat. He wrote me all about it. I was absent at the time. When he made this threat I said to the Sergeant, "Do you hear that?" He said, "You need have no fear, you can go to bed and sleep." I said, "Well if I do I shall go to bed with a loaded revolver under my pillow." He threatened also to knock down the premises, both ends. I did not understand him to refer to a wall which Mr Jack had spoken about removing.

The European Constable No. 4, recalled, went through the whole events of the afternoon as he had already given them. With regard to the threat in the evening he said the threat Keller used was, "I have fixed you twice before, and I'll fix you off again."

It was intended that more evidence should be called now, but the Magistrate said he had all the prisoners in the dock to deal with

and the policemen must get away to their duties or rest. He could not proceed further in the case to-day. Mr Denny told him the prisoner desired the case to be finished now, and no doubt so did other parties, but he could not neglect the other work awaiting him. He would increase the surety.

Mr Denny said there was no occasion; his client had never intended since the fight to do anybody any harm.

Mr Wotton: I am very glad to hear it.

His Worship: Those who are most interested say there is ample reason for dread of his injuring them. At all events evidence had shown that he is a man of a most violent disposition.

Mr Denny said there was evidence he had a fight; most people were more or less violent when they were in a fight; but now his client was quite cool.

Mr Wotton: The Police Court has generally a cooling effect on those who have been using language or weapons to hurt others; but very often that coolness does not remain. He assured his Worship that the statements made by Mrs Kyle and by Mr Allen were made in perfectly good faith to the Court. They anticipated the most serious results if this man Keller was not kept from them, or if they were not allowed the fullest protection of the law.

Mr Wotton desired this case dealt with now on its own merits.

His Lordship refused. He would adhere to his original intention, as stated at the beginning after consulting with the solicitors.

Keller was bound over in \$500, and the case adjourned till to-morrow morning.

## China.

FOOCHOW.

(Herald, Sept. 4.)

On Friday night and throughout Saturday last a strong gale was experienced at Pagoda Anchorage, communication with the shipping being a matter of considerable risk and difficulty. Fortunately, no casualty worth recording took place.

The heavy downfall of rain towards the close of the last and early in the current week brought forth the autumnal snipe, and several bags have been made. One "gunst" exploits in particular have been made the theme of some fairly endurable verses by the local poet—whenever mysterious individual may be whose periodical emergence from obscurity is the sure forerunner of better things, as well as the harbinger of what is irreverently termed the silly season.

There are evident symptoms of an early change in the monsoon, and we may now begin to look for cooler weather, though it must be borne in mind that September is frequently a very hot month at this port, and there is no absolute certainty of any appreciable reduction in the temperature until the middle of October or even later.

Altogether, the community may be congratulated on having, so far, passed through a very healthy and by no means oppressively hot summer, as compared with what has been experienced at Shanghai and other Northern ports.

We publish on another page the report of the honorary secretary and treasurer to the Fochow Native Hospital and Dispensary, from which it will appear that the medical work in connection with the deserving charity is about to recommence under the supervision of Doctor Rennie. At a General Meeting of subscribers and others interested in the Hospital, held this evening, the report was unanimously adopted, and it was decided that immediate steps should be taken to carry out the necessary preliminary measures. It will be observed that a sum total of about \$1,800 is required to set the institution in working order, and towards this amount the Viceroy, who is said to take a great interest in the work, has kindly promised to contribute the handsome sum of \$500. No doubt other Chinese officials will follow His Excellency's liberal example; and it is hoped that the wealthy traders and capitalists will come forward with corresponding generosity. Foreigners, who have contributed liberally in



## NOTICE.

## COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

PAQUEBOTS POSTE FRANÇAIS.

STEAM FOR SAIGON, SINGAPORE, BATAVIA, POINT DE GALLE, ADEN, SUEZ, ISMAILIA, PORT SAID, NAPLES, AND MARSAILLES; ALSO, PONDICHERRY, MADRAS, CALCUTTA AND ALL INDIAN PORTS.

ON TUESDAY, the 16th September, 1879, at Noon, the Company's S. S. SINDH, Commandant MONROE, with PASSENGERS, SPECIES, and CARGO, will leave this Port for the above places.

Cargo and Specie will be registered for London as well as for Marseilles, and accepted in transit through Marseilles for the principal places of Europe.

Shipping Orders will be granted until Noon.

Cargo will be received on board until 4 p.m., Specie and Parcels until 3 p.m. on the 15th September, 1879. (Parcels are not to be sent on board; they must be left at the Agency's Office.)

Contents and value of Packages are required. For further particulars, apply at the Company's Office.

G. DE CHAMPEAUX, Agent.

Hongkong, September 3, 1879. sc15



STEAM FOR SINGAPORE, PENANG, POINT DE GALLE, ADEN, SUEZ, MALTA, BRINDISI, ANCONA, VENICE, MEDITERRANEAN PORTS, SOUTH-AMPTON, AND LONDON; ALSO, BOMBAY, MADRAS, AND CALCUTTA.

THE PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S Steamship INDUS, Captain S. D. SHALLARD, will leave this on TUESDAY, the 23rd Inst., at Noon.

For further Particulars, apply to A. McIVER, Superintendent.

Hongkong, September 10, 1879. sc23

## U. S. MAIL LINE.

## PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

THROUGH TO NEW YORK, VIA OVERLAND RAILWAYS, AND TOUCHING AT YOKOHAMA, AND SAN FRANCISCO.

THE U. S. Mail Steamship CITY OF PEKING will be despatched for San Francisco, via Yokohama, on WEDNESDAY, the 1st October, at 3 p.m., taking Passengers, and Freight, for Japan, the United States, and Europe.

Through Bills of Lading issued for transportation to Yokohama and other Japan Ports, to San Francisco, to Atlantic and Inland Cities of the United States via Overland Railways, to Havana, Trinidad, and Demerara, and to ports in Mexico, Central and South America by the Company's and connecting Steamers.

Through Passage Tickets granted to England, France, and Germany by all trans-Atlantic lines of Steamers.

On Through PASSAGES TO EUROPE, a REDUCTION is granted to OFFICERS of the ARMY and NAVY, and MEMBERS of the CIVIL and CONSULAR SERVICES in COMMISSION.

Freight will be received on board until 4 p.m., the 30th September. Parcel Packages will be received at the office until 5 p.m. same day; all Parcel Packages should be marked to address in full; value of same is required.

Consular Invoices to accompany Overland Cargo should be sent to the Company's Offices in Sealed Envelopes, addressed to the Collector of Customs at San Francisco.

For further information as to Passage and Freight, apply to the Agency of the Company, No. 8, Praya Central.

RUSSELL & Co., Agents.

Hongkong, September 8, 1879. oc1

## To Let.

## STORAGE.

GOODS RECEIVED ON STORAGE IN GODOWNS IN PEDDAR'S WHARF BUILDINGS, at Moderate Terms.

Apply to G. R. LAMMERT.

Hongkong, August 9, 1879.

## TO LET.

A FIRST-CLASS GODOWN on the Praya.

Apply to VOGEL & Co.

Hongkong, July 28, 1879.

## TO LET.

ON MARINE LOT No. 65, FIRST-CLASS GRANITE GODOWNS.

Apply to MEYER & Co.

Hongkong, July 25, 1879.

"ROSE VILLAS"—FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED, BONHAM ROAD.

Apply to SHARP & DANBY.

No. 6, Queen's Road Central, late Messrs E. D. Sassoon & Co.

Hongkong, May 10, 1879.

## TO LET.

HOUSE No. 7, PEDDAR'S HILL.

DAVID SASSOON, SONS & Co.

Hongkong, April 29, 1879.

## Intimations.

## YANGTSE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION.

## NOTICE.

IN accordance with the Articles of Agreement, the Directors have declared a DIVIDEND to POLICYHOLDERS for the FIFTEEN MONTHS ending 31st December 1878, of THIRTY-THREE PER CENT. ON THE NET PREMIA CONTRIBUTED, payable at our OFFICE on and after the 15th Instant.

POLICYHOLDERS are requested to send in particulars of their Contributions.

By Order of the Directors, RUSSELL & Co., Agents.

Hongkong, May 5, 1879.

## HONGKONG FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

ADJUSTMENT OF BONUS FOR THE YEAR 1878, AND THE FIRST 6 MONTHS OF 1879.

SHAREHOLDERS in the above COMPANY are requested to furnish the Undersigned with a List of their CONTRIBUTIONS for the Year ending December 31st 1878, and for the SIX MONTHS from January 1st to June 30th 1879; in order that the DISTRIBUTION of the Portion of PROFITS Reserved for CONTRIBUTORS may be arranged. Returns not rendered prior to October 31st next, will be adjusted by the Company and no Claims or Alterations will be subsequently admitted.

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co., General Managers.

Hongkong, July 24, 1879. oc31

## CHINA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

ADJUSTMENT OF BONUS FOR THE YEAR 1878, AND TO THE 30TH JUNE, 1879.

SHAREHOLDERS in the above COMPANY are requested to furnish the Undersigned with a List of their CONTRIBUTIONS from the 1st January, 1878, to the 30th June, 1879, in order that the Portion of the NET PROFITS to be Reserved for CONTRIBUTORS may be arranged. Returns not rendered prior to the 31st OCTOBER NEXT will be adjusted by the Company, and no Claims or Alterations will be subsequently admitted.

JAS. B. COUGHTRIE, Secretary.

Hongkong, August 2, 1879. nol

## NEWS FOR HOME.

## The Overland China Mail.

(The oldest Overland Paper in China.)

PUBLISHED AT THE "CHINA MAIL" OFFICE IN TIME FOR THE ENGLISH MAIL.

Containing from 72 to 84 columns of closely printed matter.

THIS Mail Summary is compiled from the Daily China Mail, is published twice a month on the morning of the English Mail's departure, and is a record of each fortnight's current history of events in China and Japan, contributed in original reports and collated from the journals published at the various ports in those Countries.

It contains Shipping news from Shanghai, Hongkong, Canton, &c., and a complete Commercial Summary.

Subscription, 50 cents per Copy (postage paid 56 cents.) \$12 per annum (postage paid \$13.50.)

Orders should be sent to GEO. MURRAY BAIN, China Mail Office, 2, Wyndham Street, not later than the evening before the departure of the English Mail Steamer.

Terms of Advertising, same as in Daily China Mail.

## SAILORS' HOME.

ANY Cast-off CLOTHING, BOOKS, or PAPERS will be thankfully received at the Sailor's Home, West Point.

Hongkong, July 25, 1878.

## For Sale.

## WASHING BOOKS.

(In English and Chinese.)

WASHERMAN'S BOOKS, for the use of Ladies and Gentlemen, are now ready at this Office.—Price, \$1 each.

CHINA MAIL Office.

## NOW READY.

A CHINESE DICTIONARY IN THE CANTONESE DIALECT. Parts I. and II., A to M, with Introduction. Royal 8vo., pp. 404.—By ERNEST JOHN EYRE, Ph.D. Tübingen.

Price: FIVE DOLLARS, or TWO DOLLARS AND A HALF per Part.

To be had from Messrs LANE, CRAWFORD & Co., Hongkong and Shanghai; and Messrs KELLY & WALSH, Shanghai.

Hongkong, March 1, 1878.

## Insurances.

SWISS LLOYD TRANSPORT INSURANCE COMPANY OF WINTERTHUR.

INSURANCES granted on MARINE RISKS to all parts of the World.

MEYER & Co., Agents.

Hongkong, June 3, 1879. 3jn89

## SCOTTISH IMPERIAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

## FIRE AND LIFE.

INSURANCES against FIRE granted at Current Rates. Considerable Reduction in Premia for LIFE Insurance in China.

MEYER & Co., Agents.

Hongkong, June 2, 1879. 2jn80

## Insurances.

## CHINESE INSURANCE COMPANY, (LIMITED.)

## NOTICE.

POLICIES granted at current rates on Marine Risks to all parts of the World. In accordance with the Company's Articles of Association, Two Thirds of the Profit, are distributed annually to Contributors whether Shareholders or not, in proportion to the net amount of Premia contributed by each, the remaining third being carried to Reserve Fund.

J. BRADLEE SMITH, Secretary.

Hongkong, December 9, 1878.

## MANCHESTER FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF MANCHESTER AND LONDON.

## ESTABLISHED 1824.

Capital of the Company £1,000,000 Sterling of which is paid up £ 100,000 " Reserve Fund upwards of £ 120,000 " Annual Income £ 250,000 "

THE Undersigned have been appointed Agents for the above Company at Hongkong, Canton, Foochow, Shanghai, and Hankow, and are prepared to grant Insurances at current rates.

HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.

Hongkong, October 15, 1868.

## QUEEN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned are prepared to grant Policies against Fire to the extent of \$45,000 on Buildings, or on Goods stored therein, at current local rates, subject to a Discount of 20% on the Premia.

NORTON & Co., Agents.

Hongkong, January 1, 1874.

## LANCASHIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

## (FIRE AND LIFE.)

CAPITAL—TWO MILLIONS STERLING.

THE Undersigned are prepared to grant Policies against the Risk of FIRE on Buildings or on Goods stored therein, on Goods on board Vessels and on Hulls of Vessels in Harbour, at the usual Terms and Conditions.

Proposals for Life Insurances will be received, and transmitted to the Directors for their decision.

If required, protection will be granted on first class Lives up to £1000 on a Single Life.

For Rates of Premiums, forms of proposals or any other information, apply to ARNHOLD, KARBURG & Co., Agents, Hongkong & Canton.

Hongkong, January 4, 1867.

## NORTH BRITISH &amp; MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Incorporated by Royal Charter and Special Acts of Parliament.

## ESTABLISHED 1809.

CAPITAL £2,000,000.

THE Undersigned, AGENTS at Hongkong for the above Company, are prepared to grant Policies against FIRE, to the extent of £10,000 on any Building; or on Merchandise in the same, at the usual Rates, subject to a discount of 20 per cent.

GILMAN & Co., Agents.

Hongkong, July 6, 1875.

## THE LONDON ASSURANCE.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER of His Majesty King George The First, A. D. 1720.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above Corporation are prepared to grant Insurances as follows:—

Marine Department.

Policies at current rates payable either here, in London or at the principal Ports of India, China and Australia.

Fire Department.

Policies issued for long or short periods at current rates. A discount of 20% allowed.

Life Department.

Policies issued for sums not exceeding £5,000 at reduced rates.

HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.

Hongkong, July 25, 1872.

## THE CHINA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

## HEAD OFFICE—HONGKONG.

AGENCIES at all the Treaty Ports of China and Japan, and at Singapore, Risks accepted, and Policies of Insurance granted at the rates of Premium current at the above mentioned Ports.

NO CHARGE FOR POLICY FEES.

JAS. B. COUGHTRIE, Secretary.

Hongkong, November 1, 1871.

## ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned, Agents for the above Company, are prepared to grant Insurances at current rates.

MELOHRS & Co., Agents, Royal Insurance Company.

Hongkong, October 27, 1874.

## Merchant Vessels in Hongkong Harbour.

Exclusive of late Arrivals and Departures reported to-day.

To facilitate finding the position of any vessel in the Harbour, the Anchorage is divided into eight Sections, commencing at Green Island. Vessels near the Hongkong shore are marked A., near the Kowloon shore K., and those in the body of the Harbour or midway between each shore are marked C., in conjunction with the figures denoting the sections.

## Section.

1. From Green Island to the Gas Works.
2. From Gas Works to the Novelty Iron Works.
3. From Novelty Iron Works to the Harbour Master's Office.
4. From Harbour Master's to the P. and O. Co.'s Office.

## Section.

5. From P. and O. Co.'s Office to Peddar's Wharf.
6. From Peddar's Wharf to the Naval Yard.
7. From Naval Yard to the Pier.
8. From Pier to East Point.

Vessel's Name.	Flag and Rig.	Tons.	Date of Arrival.	Consignees or Agents.	Destination.	Remarks.
<b>Steamers</b>						
Albay	Brit. str.	366	Sept. 10	Douglas Laprak & Co.	Tamsui, &c.	To-morrow
Atholl	Brit. str.	928	Sept. 10	Jeo. R. Stevens & Co.	Australian Ports	
Bombay	Brit. str.	749	Sept. 12	Kwok Achong	Yamun & San Francisco	15th inst.
City of Peking	Brit. str.	5079	Sept. 12	P. M. S. Co.	Bangkok	15th inst.
Danube	Brit. str.	561	Sept. 7	Yuen Fat Hong	Amoy & Shanghai	15th inst.
Diomed	Brit. str.	1241	Sept. 10	Butterfield & Swire	Coast Ports	16th inst.
Douglas	Brit. str.	861	Sept. 12	Douglas Laprak & Co.	Singapore, Calcutta, &c.	17th, 18 p.m.
Fame	Brit. str.	117	Sept. 6	H. K. & W. Poon Dock Co.	Shanghai	17th, 18 p.m.
Japan	Brit. str.	1865	Sept. 6	David Sassoon, Sons & Co.	Shanghai	17th, 18 p.m.
Ningpo	Brit. str.	761	Sept. 12	Siemssen & Co.		17th, 18 p.m.
Norma	Brit. str.	606	May 31	Kwok Achong		17th, 18 p.m.
Paladin	Brit. str.	897	Sept. 10	Arnold, Karberg & Co.		17th, 18 p.m.
Pernambuco	Brit. str.	652	Sept. 2	Melchers & Co.		17th, 18 p.m.
Priam	Brit. str.	1547	Sept. 12	Butterfield & Swire		17th, 18 p.m.
Sea Gull	Amer. str.	48	Mar. 24	China Traders Insurance Co.		17th, 18 p.m.
Venice	Brit. str.	1962	Sept. 6	Jardine, Matheson & Co.		17th, 18 p.m.
Yutung	Brit. str.	286	Sept. 12	Kwok Achong		17th, 18 p.m.
Zephyr	Brit. str.	.....	.....	Russell & Co.		17th, 18 p.m.
<b>Sailing Vessels</b>						
Adelaide Norris	Amer. bge.	719	Aug. 11	Vogel & Co.	New York	
Agnes Muir	Brit. sh.	851	July 26	Meyer & Co.	Hamburg	
Alexander Yeats	Canad. sh.	1598	Sept. 8	P. & O. S. N. Co.		Wanchai Pier
Alva	Port. sh.	632	Aug. 31	Brandao & Co.		
Anna Bertha	Ger. bge.	468	Aug. 26	Siemssen & Co.	Hilo	
Antioch	Amer. bge.	646	Aug. 7	Vogel & Co.	San Francisco	
Bua Pan	Siam. sh.	575	Aug. 31	Yuen Fat Hong		For Sale
Chocola	Brit. bge.	284	July 21	Adamson, Bell & Co.		
Claro Babuyan	Brit. bge.	358	Sept. 11	Chong Woo		
Ebenzer	Brit. Sm. sh.	319	Aug. 24	Melchers & Co.	Tientsin	
Echo	Brit. bge.	369	Aug. 27	Arnold, Karberg & Co.	Newchwang	
Edward Barrow	Brit. bge.	958	June 26	Vogel & Co.	Hamburg	
Elizabeth Childs	Brit. bge.	391	Aug. 30	Wieler & Co.	Newchwang	
Ernst	Ger. Sm. sh.	356	Sept. 3	Wieler & Co.		
Excelsior	Amer. bge.	693	Aug. 24	Russell & Co.		
Faugh Balough	Ger. bge.	240	Aug. 24	Carlovitz & Co.	Tientsin	
Fred. P. Litchfield	Amer. bge.	1083	July 11	Russell & Co.	New York	
Friedrich Perthes	Ger. bge.	446	Sept. 11	Siemssen & Co.	Tientsin	
Gylding	Dan. bg.	240	Sept. 12	Siemssen & Co.	Cape Town	
Hans	Ger. bge.	310	Sept. 11	Wieler & Co.		
Hermann	Ger. bge.	444	Aug. 7	Wieler & Co.	Foochow and Cape	
Highlander	Amer. sh.	1352	June 19	Vogel & Co.		
Hongkong	Ger. Sm. sh.	219	Aug. 20	Arnold, Karberg & Co.	Newchwang	
J. A. Borland	Amer. bge.	670	July 26	Vogel & Co.	New York	
Jacobine	Ger. bge.	417	Sept. 11	Siemssen & Co.	Newchwang	
Jessie McDonald	Brit. Sm. sh.	275	Aug. 24	Arnold, Karberg & Co.	Sydney	
John Potts	Brit. bge.	374	Aug. 26	Butterfield & Swire		
Julius Dufano	Brit. bge.	434	Aug. 20	Yuen Fat Hong		
Kalsja	Russ. bge.	690	Aug. 18	Vogel & Co.	London	
Krung Thep	Siam. bge.	488	Sept. 12	Siemssen & Co.	Newchwang	
Lots	Brit. bge.	472	Sept. 12	Kwong Him Wo		
Margrethe	Ger. bge.	357	Sept. 8	Wieler & Co.		
Monte Rosa	Amer. sh.	1813	June 15	Vogel & Co.	New York	
Norman Court	Brit. bge.	834	Sept. 2	Turner & Co.		</